# Master of Education (M.Ed.)

- Scheme of Examination
- Detailed Syllabus



# DR. C.V.RAMAN UNIVERSITY

KARGI ROAD, KOTA, BILASPUR, CHHATTISGARH PHONE: 07753-253737, Fax: 07753-253723

Website: www.cvru.ac.in

#### DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

#### INTRODUCTION

M.Ed. is a NCTE approved 2 years full time master degree programme of 80 credits divided in 4 semesters (20 credits in each semester). The M.Ed. training program at Dr. C. V. Raman University aims to prepare trainers for choosing various verticals of teaching and learning dimensions. Our aim is to provide a secure learning environment for all students, within which respect, persistence and individual learning styles are valued and where confidence and the development of skills are nurtured. This enables students to become job ready professionals and helps them to take up teaching roles in future. It also provides scope for research studies.

#### VISION

The department aims to provide decent, creative graduates with a teaching oriented and skilled mindset ready to provide leadership to both private and public sectors. Not only this, but department also focus to provide quality education to its students which will help in overall development of students as well as of the society.

#### MISSION

- > Our mission is to prepare learner-sensitive educators with the knowledge, skills, and dispositions to contribute to a better society.
- > Strengthen and develop community connections and engagement through collaborations, research, service, and participation.
- > Support a positive and inclusive college climate by advancing equity, open communication, dynamic engagement and respect.

#### PROGRAMME OBJECTIVE

The Master of Education (M.Ed.) programme aims at developing the understanding and competencies required by practising teachers for effective teaching-learning process at the secondary stage. This programme prepares teacher to understand the psychological and sociological aspects of the child's development and also understand his behaviour under different conditions. This combined with rigorous practice of teaching prepares teacher trainees to master the art of teaching and the ability to deal with students based on their individual differences in various classroom situations.

#### PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES

> To enable students to understand the central concepts, tools of inquiry and structures of the disciplines of Education in general and teacher education in particular.

Dept. of Education C.V. Raman University

- > To provide opportunities to teachers that enable learning experiences to make meaningful.
- To make the teachers understand how children learn and develop how they differ in their approaches to learning and create learning opportunities.
- > To develop the skills of teachers to plan learning experiences in and outside the classroom that are based on learners' existing proficiency, interests, experiences and knowledge, and enable them to understand how students come to view, develop, learn and make sense of subject matter contained in the curriculum.
- > To develop the capacity among teachers to use knowledge of effective verbal, non-verbal and media communication techniques to foster active enquiry, collaboration and supportive interaction in the classroom.

#### PROGRAMME OUTCOME

On successfully completing the program the student will be able to:

- > Understand and use formal and informal assessment strategies to evaluate and ensure the continuous intellectual social, emotional and physical development of the learners.
- > Recognize self-identity as a 'teacher' through school based learning experiences and reflective practices that continually evaluate the effects of their choices and actions.
- > To change the behaviour, attitude and values of teacher trainees so that they shape into responsible and accountable agents of change in the society, in the perspective of local, national and global concerns and issues vital for human survival, progress and development.

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Deputy Registrar University

Dr. Kota, Eilaspur (C.C.)



### DR. C.V.RAMAN UNIVERSITY

KARGI ROAD, KOTA, BILASPUR (C.G.)

Course of Study and Scheme of Examination for **MASTER OF EDUCATION (M.Ed.)**Eligibility: B.Ed..

**Duration: 24 Months** 

### Scheme of Examination

						emeste	•								
		Name of the				ory rks				Pra	ctical		_	_	Total
Course Code	The state of the s	Course	Total Marks	Ma			nor	Sess	ional		ld Work	L	T	P	Credi
				Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min				
EMED 104	Core	Philosophical & Sociological Perspective of Education	100	50	17	20	7	30	12	-	-	3	-	1	4
EMED 105	Tools	Methodology of Educational Research	100	50	17	20	7	30	12	-	-	3	-	1	4
EMDS 110	- Specializati	(Any one) Advance Educational Statistics	100	50	17	20	7	30	12	-	-	3	-	1	4
EMDS 111	on with Elective	Guidance & counselling													
EMDS 112	- (any two)	Any one) Assessment for Learning Gender, School	100	50	17	20	7	30	12	-	-	3	-	1	4
EMDS 113 EMED 111	Teacher Education Courses	& Society Workshop/ Seminar/ Taught	100	-	-		-	-	-	100	50	-	4	-	4
	Total	Taugiii	500	200	68	80	28	120	48	100	50	12	4	4	20
					Second	Semest	er								
EMED 204		Advance Educational Psychology	100	50	17	20	7	30	12	-	-	3	-	1	4
EMED 205	Core	History of Education	100	50	17	20	7	30	12	-	-	3	-	1	4
EMED 206	Tools	Inclusive Education	100	50	17	20	7	30	12	-	-	3	-	1	4
EMDS 210	Specializati on with	Education for Differently Abled	100	50	17	20	7	20	10			2		1	4
EMDS 211	Elective (any one)	Educational 100 Management & Administration	50	17	20	7	30	12	-	-	3	-	1	4	
EMED 207	Field	Delivered Teaching through ICT at teacher training Institution on specialization (4 weeks)	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	100	50	-	4	-	4
	Total		500	200	68	80	28	120	48	100	50	12	4	4	20

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Course of Study and Scheme of Examination for **MASTER OF EDUCATION (M.Ed.)**Eligibility: B.Ed.

#### Scheme of Examination

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			Total		ory Mar				T							
Course Code	Nature of the	Name of the Course	Maks	Major		Minor Sessional Practical		Practical / Field Work		Practical / Field Work			T T		P	Total Credi
	Course			Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Max Min Max		Min				s	
EMED 304	Core	Economic & Political perspectives of Education	100	50	17	20	7	30	12	-	-	3	-	1	4	
EMED 305		Yoga Education	100	50	17	20	7	30	12	-	-	3	-	1	4	
EMED 306	Tools	Advanced Research Methodology	100	50	17	20	7	30	12	-	-	3	-	1	4	
EMDS 310	Specializ ation with	Teacher Education					_									
EMDS 311	Elective (any one)	Early Childhood Education	100	50	17	20	7	30	12	-	-	3	)	1	4	
EMED 307	Field	Observation of Lecture, Participation in activities of teacher training institution, preparation of report on student teacher perception	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	100	50	-	4	-	4	
	Total		500	200	68	80	28	120	48	100	50	12	4	4	20	
				Fo	urth Se	mester										
EMED 404	Core	Curriculum Development	100	50	17	20	7	30	12	-	-	3	-	1	4	
EMED 405		ICT in Teacher Education	100	50	17	20	7	30	12	-	-	3	-	1	4	
EMDS 410	Specializ ation with	Measurement & Evaluation									-					
EMDS 411	Elective (any One)	Higher Education	100	50	17	20	7	30	12			3	-	1	4	
EMED 406	Research	Dissertation & Viva-voce on Dissertation	200	-	-	-	-	-	-	200	100	-	8	-	8	
			500	150	51	60	21	90	36	200	100	9	8	3	0.0220	
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#### **Evaluation Scheme**

- $\bullet$  The minimum Marks required to pass any theory paper in a Semester shall be 40 %
- The minimum Marks required to pass in each Project works/ Practical/ Assignments/Dissertation shall be 50%.

Changes/Corrections/Up gradation done Addition of new things/courses etc



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# SEMESTER - I



Semester- 1st Paper-I

Subject: Philosophical & Sociological Perspective of Education

Subject Code: EMED 104 Theory Max. Marks: 50 Theory Min. Marks: 17

#### Course Objectives:

Enable the Student Teacher to understand: -

- About the relationship between philosophy and education and implication of philosophy on education.
- The importance and role of education in the progress of Indian Society.

	Course Content	Methodology Adopted
UNIT – I	Philosophical Foundation of Education  Meaning & scope of Philosophy.  Modern Concept of Philosophy: Analysis – Logical empiricism & positive relativism.  Need of philosophy.  Interrelationship between philosophy & Education.  Meaning, Nature, Functions and Scope of Educational Philosophy  Indian Schools of Philosophy	ICT based class room teaching, Group Discussion, Individual Presentations
UNIT – II	<ul> <li>Vedic, Buddhist, Jainism, Islamic Education and their Implications with special reference to the concept of Knowledge, reality &amp; values, aims, &amp; objectives, curriculum, methodology, Pupil-Teacher - Relationship, freedom &amp; discipline.</li> <li>Contributions of Vivekanand, Tagore, Gandhijiand Aurobindo Ghose in the field of Education.</li> </ul>	ICT based class room teaching, Individual Presentation
UNIT – III	Western Schools of Philosophy  → Idealism, Naturalism, pragmatism, realism, with special reference to Aims, & objectives, curriculum methodology, Pupil-Teacher-relationship, freedom & discipline.  → Contribution of Plato, Rousseau, Dewey in the field of education.	ICT based class room teaching, Individual Presentation
UNIT- IV	Sociology of Education  ➤ Concept and nature of sociology of Education, Relationship of Sociology & Education.  ➤ Difference between sociology of education and Educational Sociology; Social group: Social Stratification; Social Change.  ➤ Social Organization, Characteristics of social organization, institution, attitude and values.	ICT based class room teaching, Individual Presentation, Demonstration
UNIT – V	Education & Culture change  Culture -Meaning and nature of culture, Role of education in cultural context: Education and cultural change.  Issues of equality of educational opportunity and excellence in Education. Equality Vs. Equity in Education; Education and Democracy, Constitutional provisions for education; Education for National Integration and International Understanding.	ICT based class room teaching, Group Presentation

#### References:

- A Sociological Approach to Indian Education (Vinod Pustakmandir, Agra 2 S.S. Mathur)
- The Philosophical and Sociological foundations of Education (Doaba House, Book-sellers and Publishers, Delhi-110006) - Kamla Bhatia and Baldev Bhatia Groundwork of Theory of Education – Ross
- Modern Philosophy of Education Brubacher
- Foundations of Education V.P. Bokil
- Educational Sociology Brown De Schooling Society- Evan Illich

Job Opportunities	Employability Skill Developed	Local/National/UNDP Goal Achieved			
Teachers. Private Tutor. Online Tutor. Education Consultant. Principal. Vice Principal. Counsellor.	Critical thinking and problem-solving. Collaboration across networks and leading by influence. Agility and adaptability. Initiative and entrepreneurialism. Effective oral and written communication. Accessing and analyzing information.	Moral Development, Quality Education, Innovative Teaching Learning Method, Constructivism			
Content Writer	Curiosity and imagination.				

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Semester- 1st Paper-II

Subject: Methodology of Educational Research

Subject Code: EMED 105 Theory Max. Marks: 50 Theory Min. Marks: 17

#### Course Objectives:

To enable the students to

- To understand the concept of research and educational research.
- To understand the types and methods of educational research.
- To understand the research problems and Sampling.
- To understand formulation of Hypothesis.
- To know about the style of writing references and bibliography.

UNIT – I	<ul> <li>Concept of Educational Research</li> <li>Meaning, nature, need, importance and scope of educational research.</li> <li>Areas of educational research and different source of generating knowledge.</li> <li>Types of educational research – Fundamental, Applied, Action research.</li> </ul>	ICT based class room teaching, Group Discussion, Individual Presentations
UNIT – II	Review of Related Literature-  > Purpose and need of Review of Related Literature.  > Sources, Recording & style of writing related literature.  > Style of writing Reference and Bibliography.	ICT based class room teaching, Individual Presentation
UNIT – III	<ul> <li>Methods Of Educational Research</li> <li>Historical Research- need and significance, types, sources and collection of data; establishing validity and interpretation of data</li> <li>Descriptive Research- surveys, case study, developmental and correlation studies – nature and use, steps and interpretation, Ex- Post Facto Research.</li> <li>Experimental Research – need and significance- nature and steps validity; internal and external, use and limitations of different types of experimental designs: Pre-experimental, Quasi- experimental, True experimental-role of control.</li> </ul>	ICT based class room teaching, Individual Presentation
UNIT- IV	Research Problems, Variables and Hypothesis  Source, selection and criteria of research problem- based on experience, discussion. Literature- scope and delimitations, statement of the problem in different forms.  Concept, nature, characteristics and types of variables- inter relationship of different Variables.  Concept, importance, characteristics and forms of hypothesis.  Formulation and testing of Hypothesis.	ICT based class room teaching, Individual Presentation, Demonstration
UNIT – V	Population and Sampling  ➤ Population- Concept  ➤ Sampling- Concept, Need and characteristics of good sample.  ➤ Sampling Method- Probability sampling and Non probability sampling.	ICT based class room teaching, Group Presentation

#### References:

- sest, J.W. and Kahn research in Education (9th Ed. Prentice of India, Pvt, Ltd, New Delhi, 1982)
- Garrett H.E. Statistics in Education and Psychology (Yakills Fitter &SimsonsPvt.Ltd.,Bombay, 1973)
- \* Buch M.B., A survey of Research in Education.
- \* KoulLokesh Research Methodology.
- Naik.P.K. Advanced Educational Psychology, Sharda PustakBhawan, Allahabad (U.P.)

Job Opportunities	Employability Skill Developed	Local/National/UNDP Goal Achieved		
Teacher				
Private Tutor.	Writing Skills, Problem Solving,			
Online Tutor.	Communicative Skill, Management Skill	Quality Education, Better Quality of Research		
Education Consultant.				
Educational Statistician				

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Semester- 1st

Paper-III (Specialization paper A)
Subject: Advance Educational Statistics

Subject Code: EMDS 110 Theory Max. Marks: 50 Theory Min. Marks: 17

#### Course Objectives:

To enable the students

- To understand the role and use of advanced Statistics in educational research.
- Select appropriate statistical methods in educational research
- To understand various Statistical measures for interpretation of data.
- To interpret the Statistical data.

	The Study of Statistics	
UNIT – I	<ul> <li>Statistics</li> <li>Importance of the study of statistics</li> <li>Measurement of scales (Nominal, Ordinal, Interval and Ratio)</li> <li>Frequency distribution</li> <li>Graphical Representation of Data</li> </ul>	ICT based class room teaching Group Discussion, Individual Presentations
UNIT – II	Measurement of Central Tendency  Meaning of central tendency.  Calculation of Mean by long method and short method.  Calculation of Median from a frequency distribution.  Calculation of Mode from a frequency distribution.  Comparison of the Mean, Median and Mode.  Use of various measures of central tendency.	ICT based class room teaching Individual Presentation
UNIT – III	<ul> <li>Measures of Variability</li> <li>The Range.</li> <li>The Average Deviation (AD).</li> <li>The Quartile Deviation (QD).</li> <li>The Standard Deviation (SD).</li> <li>Use of various measures of Variability.</li> </ul>	ICT based class room teaching. Individual Presentation
UNIT- IV	Co relational Techniques  The meaning of correlation.  The coefficient of correlation  The calculation of coefficient of correlation by Product Moment Method, Rank difference Method.  Biserial Correlation.  Point Biserial Correlation.  Tetrachoric Correlation.  The PHI coefficient.  Scattered diagram.	ICT based class room teaching. Individual Presentation, Demonstration
UNIT – V	Inferential Statistical Method  Level of significance.  Chi square.  t- Test.  The f- test (one way and two ways ANOVA).	ICT based class room teaching Group Presentation

#### Reference Books

- Best, J.W. and Kahn research in Education (9th Ed. Prentice of India, Pvt, Ltd, New Delhi, 1982)
- Garrett H.E. Statistics in Education and Psychology (Yakills Fitter &SimsonsPvt.Ltd., Bombay, 1973)
- ❖ Buch M.B., A survey of Research in Education.
- KoulLokesh Research Methodology

Naik.P.K. - Advanced Educational Psychology, Sharda PustakBhawan, Allahabad (U.P.)

Job Opportunities	Employability Skill Developed	Local/Nat	tional/UN	DP Goal	Achieved	
Teacher Data Analyst	Writing Skills, Problem Solving, Communicative Skill, Management Skill	Quality Edu Research	ucation,	Better	Quality	of

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Semester- 1st

Paper-III (Specialization Paper A) Subject: Guidance and Counseling Subject Code: EMDS 111 Theory Max. Marks: 50 Theory Min. Marks: 17

#### Course Objectives:

- To enable the Student's -
- · To develop understanding of basic meaning, need and types of guidance
- To get acquainted with the tools and techniques of appraisal of an individual
- · To develop understanding of meaning characteristics and types of counseling
- · To get acquainted with process and techniques of Counselling.
- To develop understanding about Counselling- research, issues and trends.

UNIT – I	Core Concept in Guidance  Meaning, nature, principles & functions  Types of Guidance - Educational Guidance, Vocational Guidance and Personal Guidance  Agencies for Guidance -Home, School.	ICT based class room teaching, Group Discussion, Individual Presentations
UNIT – II	<ul> <li>Difference between Guidance and Counselling</li> <li>Testing Devices &amp; Techniques</li> <li>Testing Devices and Non-Testing Techniques in Guidance</li> <li>Tests for Guidance: Aptitude, Interest and personality</li> <li>Techniques used for Guidance: Interview, Case study, Diary</li> <li>Ginsberg's Theory of Vocational choice, factors influencing Vocational choice.</li> </ul>	ICT based class room teaching, Individual Presentation
UNIT – III	Fundamentals of Counselling,skills required in counselling  Meaning, Characteristics, Objectives of counselling. Purposes of Students Counselling.  Component of counselling Process.  Types of counselling: Directive, Non- Directive, Elective.  Techniques of Counselling.	ICT based class room teaching, Individual Presentation
UNIT- IV	Guidance and Counselling for Special Counselling.  > Function of Counsellor  > Skill required for Counselling –(i) Listing (ii) Questioning (iii) Responding (iv) Communicating  > Professional Ethics in Counselling	ICT based class room teaching, Individual Presentation, Demonstration
UNIT – V	The Emerging role of a counselling for Present Context and Special Need  Career Resource Centre  Role of counselling in school settings, Teacher as a counsellor  Guidance for Special Need – Meaning, Definition and types, Strategies for helping of exceptional children to overcome their problems.  Gifted, Creative, Slow Learners and Backward childern  Career counselling in the present context.	ICT based class room teaching, Group Presentation

#### References:

- J. Agrawal J.C.: Educational Vocational Guidance and Counselling, Daoba House, NaiSalak,
- Delhi.
- Anatasi Anne: Psychological tesing, New York, Mac Millan 1982.
- Mennet M.E.: Guidance and Counselling in Groups, McGraw Hill book Company, 1963.
- Crites J.O: Vocational psychology, New York, GMC Grow Hill Book Company 1968.
- Directorate general of Employment and Training(Occupational information Unit) Ministry of
- Labor, Employment and Rehabilitation, govt. of India, Co, New Delhi.

Job Opportunities	Employability Skill Developed	Local/National/UNDP Goal Achieved
Guidance Officer Counsellor	Critical thinking and problem- solving.  Skill required for counselling -(i) Listing (ii) Questioning (iii) Responding (iv) Communicating	Moral Development, Quality Education, Constructivism



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Semester-1st

Paper-IV (Specialization Paper B) Subject: Assessment for Learning Subject Code: EMDS 112 Theory Max. Marks: 50 Theory Min. Marks: 17

#### Course Objectives:

- > To understand about the perspective of Assessment and Evaluation.
- > To know about what to be assessed.
- > To acquire knowledge about the Assessment of Subject based learning.
- > To provide and introduction about teacher competencies in evolving appropriate tools.
- > To develop knowledge about data analysis, feedback and reporting.

UNIT – I	>	Overview of Assessment and Evaluation Assessment, Evaluation, test, examination and measurement. Formative and Summative Evaluation	ICT based class room teaching, Group Discussion, Individual
UNII - I	A A A	Continuous and Comprehensive evaluation. Grading system	Presentations
	What is	s to Assessed?	
	>	Type of Evaluation	ICT based class room teaching,
UNIT – II	>	Subjective ,Objective ,Projective	Individual Presentation
0111 - 11	>	Dimension and level of learning	
	>	Retention / Recall of facts and concepts	
	>	Problem solving: Meaning, Definition, Characteristics.	
		ment of Subject-Based Learning	
	4	Assessment tool	ICT based class room teaching,
	4	Kind of task: Project, assignment, Performances	Individual Presentation
UNIT – III	>	Kinds of tests and their constructions	
	>	Observation of learning processes by self, by peers, by teacher	
	>	Self-assessment and peer-assessment	
	>	Quantitative and Qualitative aspects of assessment.	
	Teache	r Competencies in Evolving Appropriate Assessment Tools	
	>	O Tr - F	ICT based class room teaching,
		and students	
UNIT- IV	>	Formulating tasks and questions	Individual Presentation,
OMII IV	>	Evolving Suitable criteria for assessment	Demonstration
	>	Organising and planning for student portfolio	
	>	Using assessment feedback for furthering learning	
	Data A	nalysis, Feedback and Reporting	
	>	Use of assessment for feedback: for taking pedagogic decisions and	
		formative assessment.	
	>	Feedback for teachers and students.	ICT based class room teaching,
UNIT – V	>	Developing and maintaining a comprehensive learner profile.	Group Presentation
	>	Purpose of reporting: To communicative.	
	>	Analysis of feedback of teachers and students.	
	>	Reporting a consolidated learner profile.	

#### References:

- Asthana, Biptn& Agrawal, R. N.: Mapanewammoolyankan. Vinod PustakMandir, Agra.
- Asthana, Bipin and Agrawal, R. N.: Measurement and Evaluation In Psychology and Education, Vinod PustakMandir, Agra
- Agrae Bhagwan, Mahesh: ShikshameinMapanewammoolyannkan, Vinod PustakMandir Agra
- Lindeman, R. H. anndMerenda, P.F.: Educational Measurement, Scott foreman & Com-pany, London,
- Rawat, D.L.: ShaikshlkMapanki Naveen Rooprekha, Gaya Prasad and Sons, Agra
- Sharma, R. A.: Measurement and Evaluation In Education and psychology, Lyall Book Depot Merrut
- Sharma ShikshatathaManovigyannainmapanEvammoolyankan. Lyall Book DepotMerrut.

Job Opportunities	Employability Skill Developed	Local/National/UNDP Goal Achieved
	Critical thinking and problem- solving. Data Analysis	Quality Education, Innovative Teaching Learning Method, Constructivism



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Semester- 1st

Paper-IV (Specialization Paper B) Subject: Gender, School & Society Subject Code: EMDS 113 Theory Max. Marks: 50 Theory Min. Marks: 17

#### Course Objectives:

- To understand the role of culture (apart from biology) as determinants of gender distinction in social living
- To aware of factors that shape gendered roles in Indian society
- To understand the problems of girl child education in our society
- To develop a critical perspective on gender-based discrimination and its effects

To provide an introduction to and the development of an understanding of feminist approaches to the social and cultural construction of gender.

	Gender: Key Concepts - Social Construction of Gender	
	<ul> <li>Gender – Concepts , Meaning, Gender, sex, sexuality, patriarchy, masculinity and feminism</li> </ul>	ICT based class room teaching,
UNIT - I	Gender bias, gender roles in society through family, caste, Religion, Culture	Group Discussion, Individual
	and stereotyping, and its consequences.	Presentations
	<ul> <li>Opportunities for Education to Girls. Social Construction of masculinity and feminism.</li> </ul>	
	Female Sex ratio in India & Chhattisgarh.	
	Gender and Schooling	
	Schooling of girls- Meaning, Aims, Need and Importance.	
	School and Challenge of Masculine and Femine Gender, Problems and	
	Solution of schooling.	
	Gender bias - Meaning, Resource, Type and Suggestion for End of Gender	ICT based class room teaching,
UNIT – II	bias.	Individual Presentation
	Critical examination of school and classroom processes- challenging gender	
	biases and stereotypes	
	Understanding relationships within the school and child, teacher-child and	
	teacher peer group relationships from the perspective of gender.	
	Feminization of teaching profession.	
	Gender and Sexuality	
	Concept of Sexuality, Source of Control of Sexuality, Family and the relationship	rom to the total to the second
UNIT – III	between power and sexuality.  Violence against women –Violence, Types, Main Law Act. For women issue,	ICT based class room teaching,
	empirical examples of the graded violence against women, the impact of	Individual Presentation
01111 - 111	conflict and violence on the lives of women, efforts to deal with the issue of	
	violence against women.	
	Legal (sexual and reproductive) rights of women.	
	Role of Teacher in Gender and Sex Counselling.	
	Psychological and Sociological Perspectives	
	> Radical Feminist	ICT based class room teaching,
	Socialist-Feminist	Individual Presentation,
UNIT- IV	Psychoanalytical and other perspectives	Demonstration
	<ul> <li>Society and Socialization - Meaning, Definition, Characteristics, Element,</li> </ul>	Domonocration .
	Function and Importance.	
	Strategies for Change	
	Policy and management In the school	ICT based class room teaching,
UNIT – V	> Women's action groups	Group Presentation
	Mass media	
	Recent debates	

#### **Learning Outcomes:**

- Pupils able to understand different forms of gender and difference between gender and sexuality.
- Pupils able to learn about gender inequality in schooling system and how to remove those.
- Pupils able to know psychological and sociological perspectives of gender.

#### References:

- Gender Analysis of State Policies, A case study of Chhattisgarh, Dr. Sen Ilina
- Towards Gender Equality in Education, Progress and challenges in Asia-Pacific Region, R. Govinda, National University of Educational Planning and Administration, New Delhi.
- Bhattacharjee, Nandini (1999), Through the looking-glass: Gender Socialisation in a Primary School in T. S. Saraswathi (ed.) Culture, Socialization and Human Development: Theory, Research and Applications in India. Sage: New Delhi.
- Geetha, V. (2007) Gender. Stree: Calcutta.
- Deputy Registrar (Academic)
  Deputy Registrar (Dr. C.V. Raman University
  Dr. C.V. Bilaspur (C.G.) Ghai, Anita (2008) Gender and Inclusive education at all levels In Ved Prakash &K.Biswal (ed.) Perspectives on education and development: Revising Educationcommission and after, National University of Educational Planning and Administration: New Delhi.

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Job Opportunities	Employability Skill Developed	Local/National/UNDP Goal Achieved
Teacher Counsellor	Critical thinking and problem- solving.  Collaboration across networks and leading by influence.  Agility and adaptability.	Ability to learn about gender inequality in schooling system and how to remove those.  Knowledge about psychological and sociological perspectives of gender.

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# SEMESTER - II



Semester- 2<sup>nd</sup> Paper-V

Subject: Advanced Educational Psychology

Subject Code: EMED 204 Theory Max. Marks: 50 Theory Min. Marks:17

#### Course Objectives:

- To enable the student to understand concepts and principles of Educational Psychology as an applied science.
- To enable the leaner to understand implications of psychological theories for education.
- To acquaint the learner with the process of learning, learning theories and group dynamics.
- To understand the learner about the concepts of individual differences, intelligence, creativity and interest.
- To enable the learner about the concept of Personality, different theories of Personality and assessment of Personality

	Educational Psychology - Concept and Scope, Contribution of Psychology	
UNIT – I	<ul> <li>Educational Psychology - Concept and Scope, Contribution of Psychology in the Field of Education.</li> <li>Relationship of Education &amp; Psychology.</li> <li>Growth and Development, Concept: Principles, Sequential stages of development: Factors influencing development and their relative role in education; general characteristics and problems of adolescents.</li> <li>Theories of development - Piaget.</li> </ul>	ICT based class room teaching, Group Discussion, Individual Presentations
UNIT – II	<ul> <li>Learning: Meaning, Characteristics, Kinds, Levels of Learning, Theories of Learning: Gagne's, Tolman's&amp; Lewin's field theory</li> <li>Group Dynamics: Group Process, Interpersonal Relations, Sociometric Grouping, Social - Emotional Climate of the classroom and Influence of teacher's characteristics.</li> </ul>	ICT based class room teaching, Individual Presentation
UNIT – III	<ul> <li>Individual Difference: Meaning, Types &amp; Role in education.</li> <li>(a) Intelligence - Meaning, Theories, Guilford Model.</li> <li>(b) Creativity - Nature, process, Identification, Fostering and Guiding Creative Children.</li> <li>(c) Interests.</li> </ul>	ICT based class room teaching, Individual Presentation
UNIT- IV	<ul> <li>Personality: Concept.</li> <li>Theories of Personality - Allport, Eysenck, Psychoanalytic Approach of Freud, Erickson Behavioural Approach.</li> <li>Indian Theories: Vedic, Rabindranath Tagore, J.K Krishnamurti.</li> </ul>	ICT based class room teaching, Individual Presentation, Demonstration
UNIT – V	<ul> <li>Assessments of personality – Techniques</li> <li>Personality Inventories – Rating Scales, Observation, Schedule.</li> <li>Projective Techniques: Rorshach, TAT</li> <li>Adjustment: Concept Mechanism of Adjustment- Defence, Escape, Withdrawal, Compensatory.</li> <li>Mental Health Principles of Mental Hygiene – Preventive, Constructive, Curative measures</li> </ul>	ICT based class room teaching, Group Presentation

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- Agarwal J.C. Essentials of Educational Psychology, Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd. 1995
- 💠 Bhatnagar Suresh &SaxenaAnamika Advanced Educational Psychology, R. Lall Book Depot Meerut.
- Chauhan, S.S. Advanced Educational Psychology, Vikas Publication House, N.D. 1990
- Mangal S.K. Essentials of Educational Psychology, Prentice Hall of India.
- ❖ Sharma R.A. Educational technology,
- Swaroop N. R., Oberai S.C. Technology of Teaching

Job Opportunities	Employability Skill Developed	Local/National/UNDP Goal Achieved
Counsellor Psychology Teacher Clinical Psychologist Counseling Psychologist School Psychologist	Problem Solving Ability, Risk Taking and management	Behavioural Development, Creativity and Development of Originality

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Semester- 2<sup>nd</sup> Paper-VI

Subject: History of Education

Subject Code: EMED 205 Theory Max. Marks: 50 Theory Min. Marks: 17

#### Course Objectives:

- To acquaint the students with the general development and progress of education in Ancient Period, British Period and after Independence.
- To enable the learners to understand about the concepts of the Teacher's Training
- To enable the students to understand about the problems, trends of Teacher's Training.
- To enable the students to know about the Roles and Functions of Regulatory Bodies in the area of Education.

	Progress of Education in Ancient Periods	
UNIT – I	> Vedic period	ICT based class room teaching,
	> Buddhist Period	Group Discussion, Individual
	> Jain Period	Presentations
	> Islamic Period	
	Progress of Education in British Period	
	Review of British period of Education. With reference to:	ICT based class room teaching,
JNIT – II	<ul><li>Macaulay's Minutes on Education (1835)</li></ul>	Individual Presentation
JIII - 11	➤ Woods Despatch (1854)	
	> Hartog Committee (1928 - 29)	
	Sargent Report (1944)	
	Progress of Education after Independence	
	Constitutional Provision for Education	ICT based class room teaching,
	University Education Commission (1948)	Individual Presentation
UNIT – III	Secondary Education Commission (1952-53)	
	Indian Education Commission (1964-66)	
	National Policy on Education 1986	
	Revised National Policy on Education1992	
	History of Teacher's Training	
	Teacher's Training before Independence	70m1 1 1 1
	Teacher's Training in Independent India	ICT based class room teaching,
UNIT- IV	➤ In – Service Teacher's Training	Individual Presentation,
UNII-IV	Pre – Service Teacher's Training	Demonstration
	Problems of Teachers, Training and their Solutions	
	> New trends in Teacher's Training	
	Role and Function of Regulatory Bodies	
	> NCERT,	
JNIT - V	> UGC, and HECI	ICT based class room teaching,
71411 - V	> NCTE,	Group Presentation
	> SCERT	

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- Education in Ancient India Dr. A.S. Altekar
- Ancient Indian Education R.K. Mikharji
- A History of Education in India (during the British period) by J.P. Naik and Nurulla
- A text Book in History of Education- Paul I Munroe.
- N.C.E.R.T., NCERT- the First Year Book of Education 1961.
- Naik J.P.- Educational Planning in India 1965-allied Publishers
- History and Problems of Education Voi.I- Yogendra K. Sharma
- History and problems of Education Voi. II- Yogendra K Sharma.
- Problems of Indian Education Dr. S. P. Choubey

Job Opportunities	Employability Skill Developed	Local/National/UNDP Goal Achieved
Teachers.	Collaboration across networks and leading by influence.	Moral Development, Quality Education



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Semester- 2<sup>nd</sup> Paper-VII

Subject: Inclusive Education

Subject Code: EMED 206 Theory Max. Marks: 50 Theory Min. Marks: 17

#### Course Objectives:

- To enable the learner to understand Inclusive, Integrated and special education, need of inclusive education and its practices.
- To understand diverse learner and Diverse Learner's needs and challenges.
- To develop awareness of learner towards inclusive education and its practices.
- To enable the learner to understand inclusive instructional design and collaborative instruction to promote inclusion.
- To enable the student to organize inclusive classroom.

	Introduction to Inclusive Education.	
	➤ Historical Development in India.	
	Concept, Need and Meaning	ICT based class room teaching,
UNIT – I	Philosophical Approaches to Inclusive Education.	Group Discussion, Individual
	Psychological Perspectives of Inclusive Education.	Presentations
	Sociological Perspectives of Inclusive Education.	
	Principle of Inclusive Education.	
	Special Educational Needs (SEN) of Learners in Inclusive School	
	Identification of diverse needs of (SEN) learners and Referrals	
	Disabilities in children and SEN: Hearing Impairment, Visual Impairment,	ICT based class room teaching,
UNIT – II	Low Vision, Orthopedic, Intellectual Impairment, Cerebral Palsy, Learning	Individual Presentation
	Disabilities and Multiple Disabilities.	
	Types and Use of Assistive Devices for learners with SEN	
	Adaptations & Accommodations: Physical & Curricular	
	Inclusive Practice in Class Room for All	ICT hand along many topoling
	> Curriculum	ICT based class room teaching,
JNIT – III	Methodology of teaching-learning	Individual Presentation
ONII – III	➤ Remedial Help	
	> Teaching aids	
	> Evaluation	
	Developing Support Networks	
	> Family	ICT based class room teaching,
	Regular and Integrated Schools	Individual Presentation,
UNIT- IV	> Special Schools	Demonstration, Field Visit
	Vocational Guidance Institution and Clinics.	Demonstration, Field Visit
	Residential rehabilitation Centres	
	Legal and Policy Perspective	
UNIT – V	> National Legislation	
	(i) RCL Act 1992	
	(ii) PWD Act 1995	ICT based class room teaching,
OMII - V	(iii) National Trust Act 1999	Group Presentation
	National Policy on Education 1986	
	The Integrated Education Scheme 1992 for Children with disabilities.	
	> The Programme of Action 1992	

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- Bender, W.N. Learning Disability, Allyn& Bacon, Simon and Schuster, 1995, Boston London
- Berdine, W.H &Blackhurst A.E.(eds). An Introduction to Special Education, Harpers Collins Publishers, Boston 1980.
- Dunn., L & Bay, D.M (ed.): Exceptional Children in the Schools, New York: Holt, Rinehart, Winston.
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Job Opportunities	Employability Skill Developed	Local/National/UNDP Goal Achieved
Teachers. Private Tutor. Online Tutor. Education Consultant. Principal. Vice Principal.	Critical thinking and problem- solving.  Collaboration across networks and leading by influence.  Agility and adaptability.	<b>Moral Development, Quality Education,</b> Understanding of Inclusive, Integrated and special education, need of inclusive education and its practices.

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Semester- 2nd

Paper-VIII (Specialization Paper)

Subject: Education for Differently Abled

Subject Code: EMDS 210 Theory Max. Marks: 50

Theory Min. Marks: 17

#### Course Objectives:

- To explain the concept, identification, cause, prevention and remedies for various differently abled learners.
- To promote in the learner an extensive purview of the knowledge about all exceptionalities and
- Comprehend their inter-relatedness
- To enable the learner to understand the policies and legislation in special Education in India.
- To understand the current and future needs, trends and issues related to special education.
- To acquire basic knowledge on teaching- learning strategies, vocational training, and curriculum adjustment for differently abled.
- To develop awareness of researches in special education in India.

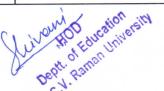
UNIT – I	Overview of Disabilities and Exceptionalities  > Disabilities – Meaning, Characteristics, Types, Identification of Differently Abled Children	ICT based class room teaching, Group Discussion, Individual Presentations
UNIT – II	Visual Impairment and Hearing Impairment  ➤ Concept, Nature, Characteristics and Causes of Visual Impairment  ➤ Concept, nature, characteristics and causes of Hearing, Speech and Language Impairment	ICT based class room teaching, Individual Presentation
UNIT – III	Orthopedic, Muscular, Mental and Multiple Impairment  Concept, nature, characteristics and causes of Orthopedic Impairment  Concept, nature, characteristics and causes of dis-locomotive and Nemomuscular Disability.  Concept, nature, characteristics and causes of Mental Impairment.  Concept, Nature, and Characteristics of Multiple Disabilities.	ICT based class room teaching, Individual Presentation
UNIT- IV	Agencies of Education  Family and community involvement  Regular, integrated and special schools  Vocational training and guidance in institutions and clinics  Residential rehabilitation centers and employment facility after rehabilitation  Curriculum, Methodology of teaching – Learning, individualized education program  Teaching aids – Use of information and communication technology such as audio – visual aids, multy – sensory approach, computer assisted instruction (CAI)  Remedial Help  Evaluation	ICT based class room teaching, Individual Presentation, Demonstration
UNIT – V	Current Trends, Researches, Future Perspectives of Special Education  > Special education Normalization, Mainstreaming, Inclusion  > Cross disability approach  > Open School Learning system: non-formal Education  > Research in Assessment Recent Development of research Focus in India	ICT based class room teaching, Group Presentation

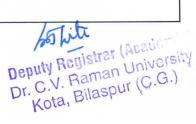
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- Dunn. L.M. (1963)- exceptional Children in the schools. Holt,Rinehert and Winston
- Evans, P and Verma, V(Eds) Special Education, Past, Present & Future- The Falmer Press (1990). Panda, K.C. (1997) - Education of Exceptional Children, New Delhi: VikaspublishingHouse. Pandey,R.S. and Advani 1.(1995) - Perspectives in Disability and Rehabilitaion, NewDelhi. Vikas Publishing House.
- Naik P.K.(2015) Advanced Educational Psychology
- Hughes,. M (1986)- Children and Number Oxford Black Well ISEN 0631135812
- Montgomery, D. (1998) Reversing Lower Attainment London Falton ISEN 1853465615
- Panda K.C. (1997)- education of exceptional Children, New Delhi: VikasPublishingHouse.
- Pandey, R.S. and Advani L., (1995) Perspectives in Disability and Rehabilitation. NewDelhi. VikasPublishingHouse.

Job Opportunities	Employability Skill Developed	Local/National/UNDP Goal Achieved
Teachers Special Educator	Collaboration across networks and leading by influence, Acceptability	Promotion of extensive knowledge about all exceptionalities and their inter-relatedness









Semester- 2rd

Paper- VIII (Specialization Paper)

Subject: Educational Management & Administration

Subject Code: EMDS 211 Theory Max. Marks: 50 Theory Min. Marks: 17

#### Course Objectives:

• To enable the learner to become effective manager of teaching /Administration of Education.

- To enable learner to become & agents of change in various aspects of education i.e.classroom management, curriculum, construction, examination systems, Educational policies.
- To acquaint the learner with the challenges and opportunities emerging in the management and administration in education.
- To acquaint the learner with the Central and State machinery for educational administration and management.
- To make the students understand about the finance, management of Education.
- To make the student familiar with the new trends and techniques of education.
- · To enable the students to get some insight into supervision, inspection and know trends of development
- To development an understanding of the planning of education in India and its Socioeconomic context.

	School	Management	
	>	Concept of School management	
	>	Management of Human Recourses & Material Resources	ICT based class room teaching,
UNIT – I	~	Construction of Time-table	Group Discussion, Individual
	~	Class management	Presentations
	>	Maintenance of school records	
	>	Organization of school library Organization of co-curricular activities	
	Manage	ment functions-	
	>	Leadership -Meaning and nature of Leadership, Theories of Leadership,	ICT based class room teaching,
UNIT – II		Styles of Leadership and Measurement of Leadership.	Individual Presentation
01411 - 11	>	Role of Management/Principal characteristics of effective Educational	
		leadership, Time management techniques, manager as a good leader, group	
		dynamics and motivation.	
	Educati	ional Administration	ICT based class room teaching,
UNIT – III	>	Meaning, Nature, Elements, Types, Scope of Educational administration	Individual Presentation
UNII - III	>	Concept of educational management human beings as input, process and	
		products inputs.	
	Organiz	cational Structure of Educational Administration in CG	
	>	Educational Administration in the state: The administrative structure of CG.	
	>	Control of school education in the state -a critical analysis	ICT based class room teaching,
	>	Functions of the stage government in relation to secondary and higher	Individual Presentation,
UNIT- IV		secondary school.	Demonstration
	4	Functions of the board of secondary education in controlling secondary	Demonstration
		schools	
	>	Problems of secondary school administration in government school.	
		Communication& Supervision	
	>	Role and communication in effective management and administration	
	>	Barriers of communication in Educational Administration	
	>	Overcoming barriers to communication and effective communication in	
		Educational Administration	ICT based class room teaching,
UNIT – V	>	Role and functions of headmaster &teacher: planning, organizing, directing	Group Presentation
	_	and controlling. Supervision – Meaning, Types, & Scope, Defects in the present supervision.	
	^	Providing guidance; leadership function	
	>	Crisis in management	
		Decision making	
		Decision making	

#### References:

- School Organisation and Administration- M.S. Sachdeva
- Management in Education- Namita Roy chaudhary A. P.H. Publishing corporation, New Delhi.
- Educational Planning and Management PremilaChandrasekaran, sterling Publication Pvt.Ltd.
- Educational Administration and Management S.S. Mathur Theory of Educational Administration- S.R. Vashost7. Efficient School Management and Role of Principals- Alka Karla
- Administration and management of Education- dr. S.R. Pandya, Himalaya Publishing House
   Educational Administration Planning and Supervision- T.P. Lambal, V.R. Saxena, V.Murthy, Delhi Daoba
   house
- School Organisation and Administration- U.S. Sidhu
- Administration of Education in India- S.N. Mukharji
- Educational Administration Principles and Practices- S.S. Mathur

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Job Opportunities	Employability Skill Developed	Local/National/UNDP Goal Achieved
Teacher Administrator	Critical thinking and problem-solving. Accessing and analyzing information. Curiosity and imagination. Management	Moral Development, Quality Education, the Central and State machinery for educational administration and management.

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# SEMESTER - III



### DR. C.V.RAMAN UNIVERSITY

KARGI ROAD, KOTA, BILASPUR (C.G.)

Semester- 3<sup>rd</sup> Paper- IX

Subject: Economical & Political Perspective of Education

Subject Code: EMED 304 Theory Max. Marks: 50 Theory Min. Marks: 17

#### Course Objectives:

- To enable the students to understand Human Capital, Human Development, Human Development Index (HDI), Education and Employment Analysis of earning, manpower planning and financing of education.
- To acquaint the students with the political perspective of education.
- To develop among students understanding of labour markets.
- To enable the students to forecast man power requirements in various streams.
- To develop among the students an understanding of the financial aspects of
- Education.

	Economical Perspective	
	Economics- Meaning, Nature, Importance and Scope.	
	Education and employment, Education as an investment	ICT based class room teaching,
UNIT – I	Education and Economic development, growth, poverty and Distribution.	Group Discussion, Individual
	Education and Human Development, Human Development Index (HDI),	Presentations
	Formation of human capitals.	
	Contribution of Education in development.	
	Education and Employment, Analysis of Earnings	
	Education and the Labour Market - Internal Labour Markets and education	
	School Finance and Budget	ICT based class room teaching,
UNIT – II	Youth unemployment and education	Individual Presentation
	The Economics of brain drain.	
	Planning- Meaning and principle, Man Power Planning, teacher supply and	
	demand- Earning functions - Sex earning differentials.	
	Political Development, Group Diversity and Education	ICT based class room teaching,
	Relationship between education and democracy	Individual Presentation
UNIT – III	Education and Social Change.	
	Education for national integration	
	Education for International Understanding.	
	Human Rights in Education	
	<ul> <li>Human Rights and Duties in Indian Constitution</li> </ul>	ICT based class room teaching,
	Education as a human right	Individual Presentation,
UNIT- IV	RTI – A new perspective in Education Sector	Demonstration
	Right based approach to education	Demonstration
	Rights, claims and entitlements	
	Global Perspective	
	Education for Sustainable Development	
	Role of international bodies in educational development: UNDP, WHO,	
UNIT - V	UNICEF, UNESCO, World Bank, with reference to India.	ICT based class room teaching,
	Gaits agreement and Higher Education of India.	Group Presentation
	Mass Media and Education.	
	Contribution of science and technology to education and challenges ahead	
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#### References:

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- Shukla, S.C. & Kumar, K: Sociological perspective in Education, Chanakya Publication, New Delhi, 1985.
- Natarajan S. 9 1993) Introduction to Economics of Education. Sterling Publishers Pvt Ltd.
- Purkait, B.R. Milestones in Modern Indian Education. New Central Book Agenci, Kolkata
- ❖ Bhatt, B.D. & Sharma, S. R: Sociology of Education, Kanishka Publishers House, 1993.

Job Opportunities	Employability Skill Developed	Local/National/UNDP Goal Achieved
Teacher. Education Consultant. Principal. Vice Principal.	Management, Production, Budgeting	Understanding about Human Capital, Human Development, Human Development Index (HDI), Education and Employment Analysis of earning, manpower planning and financing of education.

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## KARGI ROAD, KOTA, BILASPUR (C.G.)

Semester- 3rd Paper-X

Subject: Yoga Education

Subject Code: EMED 305 Theory Max. Marks: 50 Theory Min. Marks17

#### Course Objectives:

- To enable the student teachers to understand different perspectives of Philosophy
- To enable the student teachers to understand different perspectives of Yoga
- To enable the student teachers to understand different perspectives of Education
- To enable the Student teachers to know main perspectives of Yoga Education
- To enable the Student teachers to be familiar with the chief Indian thinkers and philosophers in the field of Education and Yoga and their contributions in their respective areas.

	Yoga Education	
UNIT – I	<ul> <li>Yoga Vidya - Meaning, , types, importance, aims of life- (Purusharth), Misconceptions regarding Yoga Education.</li> <li>Yoga Education - Concepts, Meaning, Definition, Origin of Yoga &amp; its brief development, Elements, scope, classification,</li> <li>Spirituality - Meaning, concept, scope, spiritual health, , role of Yoga in attaining spiritual health,</li> <li>Conducts of Yoga - Sadhaka, Yama and Niyama. Retention and Samadhi.</li> </ul>	ICT based class room teaching, Group Discussion, Individual Presentations
	Thinkers and Philosophers of Yoga & Education: Brief Life Sketch, Philosophy	
UNIT – II	And Contribution In The Field of Yoga & Education:  Ancient: Maharishi Patanjali and Buddha  Medieval: Gourakhnath and Guru Nanak  Modern: Vivekananda and Swami Ramadev, H R Nagendra.  Meditation – Meaning, Type, and principles,	ICT based class room teaching, Individual Presentation
UNIT – III	Anatomy Physiology for Yogic Practices  Introduction of human body and its systems. Difference between Yoga and Non-Yogic Exercise.  Effect of Asanas on various Systems, Difference between Asana and Exercise., Difference between Pranayama and deep breathing.  Asanas - Classification and its Mechanism. Cultural Asana(standing, sitting, supinline, praline position & topsy-turvy), Meditative Asana and Relaxative Asana.  Yoga and Diet: Dietetics, principles of diet, constituents of balanced diet, Yogic concept of diet; Vitamin deficiencies and deficiency diseases.	ICT based class room teaching, Individual Presentation
UNIT- IV	Yoga and Stress Management  Introduction  Learning Objectives  Concept of Stress  Stress - A Yogic perspective  Yoga as a way of life to scope with stress  Yoga practices for stress management	ICT based class room teaching, Individual Presentation, Demonstration
UNIT - V	Yoga and Self Development  Concept and nature of self – development  The concept of values and value education  Meaning of Pranayama, its types and principles. Yoga and human excellence	ICT based class room teaching, Group Presentation

#### Learning Outcomes:

- Pupils able to learn role of Yoga in attaining spiritual health.
- Pupils able to know about the contributions of different thinkers and philosophers in the field of Yoga.
- Pupils able to apply Yoga to their life to gain healthy mind, body and personality.
- Pupils able to understand importance of diet, and spiritual health.

#### Reference:

- Gupta, S.N. & Das., (1987), Yoga Philosophy in Relation to other system of Indian Thought, New Delhi, Moti Lal Banarsi Das Publishers.
- Hiriyanna M., (1995), The Essentials of Indian Philosophy, New Delhi, Moti Lal Banarasi Das Publishers.
- Iyengar B.K.S., (2005), Light on life, Oxford, Pan Macmillan Ltd.
- Iyengar B.K.S., (2009), The Tree of Yoga, New Delhi, Harper Collins

Job Opportunities	Employability Skill Developed	Local/National/UNDP Goal Achieved
Yoga Trainer	Meditation, Spirituality, Stress Management	Ability to apply Yoga to their life to gain healthy mind, body and personality.
	hiran	Dr. Kota, Bilaspur (C.G.)



Semester- 3<sup>rd</sup> Paper-XI Subject: Advanced Research Methodology Subject Code: EMED 306 Theory Max. Marks: 50 Theory Min. Marks: 17

#### Course Objectives:

- To understand the procedure to conduct the research in the educational field.
- To understand the nature of issues and problems faced by the State System of education and to find out the remedies to solve them.
- To understand the role and use of statistics in educational research.
- To select the appropriate statistical methods in educational research.
- To review the educational research articles.
- · Use computers for data analysis.

	Tools and Techniques of Educational Research	
UNIT – I	Observation	
	➤ Interview & Schedule	ICT based class room teaching,
	Questionnaire	Group Discussion, Individual
UNII - I	<ul> <li>Opinionative-attitude scale, rating scale, check list</li> </ul>	Presentations
	E tools – Email, fax, website, Internet, teleconferencing	Presentations
	<ul> <li>Characteristics of a good measuring tool – Reliability, Validity, Objectivity,</li> </ul>	
	Norms	
	Research Proposal	
	<ul> <li>Conceptual Framework</li> </ul>	
	Selection & finalization of an educational research problem	ICT based class room teaching,
UNIT – II	Operational and functional terms	Individual Presentation
ONII - II	Review of related literature	marvidad resentation
	<ul> <li>Objectives, assumptions, hypothesis</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Selection of method, sample and tools</li> </ul>	
	Data analysis method	
	Collections of Data	ICT based class room teaching,
	Preparation of tools	Individual Presentation
UNIT – III	> Implementation of tools	
	Collection of information.	
	Methods of collection	
	Analysis, Interpretation of Data and Inferential Statistics	
	<ul> <li>Organization and tabulation of data</li> </ul>	
	➤ Graphical Representation of data - Histogram, Frequency, Polygon, Ogive &	
	Pie chart	ICT based class room teaching,
	Measures of Central tendency – Mean, Median, Mode.	Individual Presentation.
UNIT- IV	Measures of variability – Range, Q.D., S.D.	Demonstration
	Measures of relative positions: Percentile and Percentile Rank, Standard	Demonstration
	scores and T scores.	
	Rank Difference & Product Moment Method,	
	F-test (one way and two way ANOVA)	
	Writing Research Report	ICT based class room teaching,
IINIT - V		ici bascu ciass foom teaching,
UNIT - V	Format, Style, content and chapterization of research report	Group Presentation

#### References:

- sest, J.W. and Kahn research in Education (9th Ed. Prentice of India, Pvt, Ltd, New Delhi, 1982)
- Tuckman Bruce W: Conducting educational Research (Harcourt Brace Javanovich, Inc. New York, 1978)
- Garrett H.E. Statistics in Education and Psychology (Yakills Fitter &Simsons Pvt. Ltd., Bombay, 1973)
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- Buch M.B., A survey of Research in Education (Centre of advanced Studies in Education, M.S.University Baroda, 1974)
- Naik, P.K., Advanced Educational Psychology,2015.
- \* Bieger and Gerlach. Educational Research: A Practical Approach, Thomson Wadsworth Pup.

Job Opportunities	Employability Skill Developed	Local/National/UNDP Goal Achieved		
Teacher				
Private Tutor.	Writing Skills, Problem Solving,	Quality Education, Better Quality of		
Online Tutor.	Communicative Skill, Management Skill	Research		
Education Consultant.				
Educational Statistician				



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Semester- 3rd

Paper-XII (Specialization Paper) Subject: Teacher Education Subject Code: EMDS 310 Theory Max. Marks: 70 Theory Min. Marks: 28

#### Course Objectives:

To enable the students

- To understand the concept of teacher Education
- · To develop necessary skills
- To develop insight into the problems of teacher Education at different levels.
- To develop experimental attitude in teacher Education
- To understand new trends, and techniques in teacher Education.

	To understand new trends, and techniques in teacher Education.	
UNIT – I	I Historical Perspective and Concept of Teacher Education  ➤ Historical perspective: Recommendations of various commissions on teacher education – Kothari Commission  ➤ National Policy of Education  ➤ Meaning, Nature, Aims & Objectives of Teacher Education – Elementary level, Secondary level, College level	ICT based class room teaching, Group Discussion, Individual Presentations
UNIT – II	Teaching as a Profession and Professional Trainings  ➤ Professional Organisations for various levels of teachers – Types, Roles and Functions  ➤ Faculty Improvement Training for Teacher Education, Ethics and Codes  ➤ In service Teacher Education and Pre service Teacher Education  ➤ Short term trainings	ICT based class room teaching, Individual Presentation
UNIT – III	Evaluation procedures and Current Problems in Teacher Education Internal Assessment	ICT based class room teaching, Individual Presentation
UNIT- IV	Researches in Teacher Education  Need of Research in Teacher Education  Action Research for Quality Improvement in Teacher Education  Areas of Researches in Teacher Education  Teaching Effectiveness  Criteria of Admission  Modification of Teacher's Behaviour  School Effectiveness	ICT based class room teaching, Individual Presentation, Demonstration
UNIT – V	Agencies of Teacher Education  Concept and Functions of  SCERT  NCERT  NCTE  NCTW  Colleges of Teacher Education  University Department of Teacher Education  Open Learning System, Open Universities and Distance Education for Teacher Education	ICT based class room teaching, Group Presentation

#### References

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- William Taylor Society and the Education of Teachers, Faber 7 Faber
- Dr. G. Chaurasia- New Era in Teacher Education, Sterling Publishing Pvt.,Ltd.
- ❖ Edited by S.N. Mukarji Education of Teachers in India, Valun 1 e I& II − S Chand & Co., Delhi
- K.L. Shrimali-Better Teacher Education. Ministry of education, Government of India

Job Opportunities	Employability Skill Developed	Local/National/UNDP Goal Achieved
Teachers Trainer	Critical thinking and problem- solving.  Collaboration across networks and leading by influence.	Moral Development, Quality Education, Innovative Teaching Learning Method,
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Semester- 3rd

Paper-XII(Specialization Paper)
Subject: Early Childhood Education

Subject Code: EMDS 311 Theory Max. Marks: 50 Theory Min. Marks: 17

#### **Course Objectives:**

- To review general conceptions about child and childhood (specifically with reference to the Indian social context); develop a sensitive and critical understanding of the different social/educational/cultural realities at the core of the exploration into childhood.
- To develop an understanding of different aspects of a child's physical, motor, social and emotional development.
- To understand the developmental process of children with diverse abilities in social,
- Cultural and political context.
- To provide hands-on experiences to interact with children, and training in methods to
- Understand aspects of the development of children.

	Perspectives in Development	
	Introduction to growth and development, humanistic psychology and developmental theory –	
	Concept of growth and development	
	Characteristics of growth and development	
	Developmental Stages and sequences of development –	
	Infancy, Childhood, Adolescence, Adulthood	ICT based class room teaching,
NIT – I	Enduring themes in the study of development: development as	Group Discussion, Individual
	multidimensional and plural; Development as continuing through the	Presentations
	life span; ways in which development is continuous/discontinuous?;	rescitations
	socio-cultural contexts influencing development	
	> Gathering data about children from different contexts: naturalistic	
	observations; interviews; reflective journals about children; anecdotal	
	records and narratives;	
	> Inclusion: introduction and perspective, brief historical background,	
	concept and notions associated with it .	
S	stages of Development; Special Emphasis on Early Childhood	
	Characteristics, Needs and problems of early childhood children	
	Guidance and counseling for these children.	
	Different types of developments of early childhood children-	
	Physical or motor development – Growth and maturation Gross and	
	fine motor development skills in infancy and preschool children Role	
	of parents and teachers in providing opportunities for physical- motor developmental play	ICT based class room teaching,
JNIT – II		Individual Presentation
	<ul> <li>Mental development – Development of understanding power,</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>intelligence, personality</li> <li>Emotional development –Development of emotions: functions of</li> </ul>	
	emotions, attachment-Bowlby. Basic understanding of emotions,	
	how differential gender socialization occurs	
	<ul> <li>Social development –Social theories and gender development:</li> </ul>	
	meaning of gender roles; influences on gender roles, stereotypes,	
	gender in the playground.	
I	Developmental Theories, Personality	
	Developmental theories:	
	<ul> <li>Cognitive development – Piaget's theory and it's educational</li> </ul>	
	implications	
	<ul> <li>Psycho – social development – Erikson's theory of psychological</li> </ul>	
	development	ICT based class room teaching,
UNIT – III	<ul> <li>Moral and pro- social development – Kohlberg's theory</li> </ul>	Individual Presentation
, MII – III	Development of self – concept and personal identity	
	Communication and speech development - paralinguistic and linguistic	
	stages of development	
	Concept of personality, types and traits of personality	
	<ul><li>Eysenck's trait theory and Freud's psycho – analytic theory</li></ul>	
	Measurement of personality: self – report and projective techniques	
	> Influence of early childhood experience on later personality.	
	ducation for Early Childhood	
I.		
I	Education in early childhood, influence of parents and society.	
I	> Desired educational achievements: Communication and speech	ICT based class room teaching,
	Desired educational achievements: Communication and speech development such as paralinguistic and linguistic stages of development	ICT based class room teaching, Individual Presentation,
	Desired educational achievements: Communication and speech development such as paralinguistic and linguistic stages of development	ICT based class room teaching, Individual Presentation, Demonstration
	Desired educational achievements: Communication and speech development such as paralinguistic and linguistic stages of development	ICT based class room teaching, Individual Presentation, Demonstration
	Desired educational achievements: Communication and speech development such as paralinguistic and linguistic stages of development	ICT based class room teaching, Individual Presentation, Demonstration
	Desired educational achievements: Communication and speech development such as paralinguistic and linguistic stages of development	ICT based class room teaching, Individual Presentation, Demonstration
	Desired educational achievements: Communication and speech development such as paralinguistic and linguistic stages of development	ICT based class room teaching, Individual Presentation, Demonstration
	Desired educational achievements: Communication and speech development such as paralinguistic and linguistic stages of development	ICT based class room teaching, Individual Presentation, Demonstration
JNIT- IV	Desired educational achievements: Communication and speech development such as paralinguistic and linguistic stages of development	ICT based class room teaching, Individual Presentation, Demonstration  Registrat (Acat No. 1987)  Registrat (Acat No. 1987)
	Desired educational achievements: Communication and speech development such as paralinguistic and linguistic stages of development	ICT based class room teaching, Individual Presentation, Demonstration  Registrat (Acat No. 1987)  Registrat (Acat No. 1987)  Registrat (Acat No. 1987)
	Desired educational achievements: Communication and speech development such as paralinguistic and linguistic stages of development	ICT based class room teaching, Individual Presentation, Demonstration  Demonstration  Deputy Registrat (Acat United Strate Unite
	<ul> <li>Desired educational achievements: Communication and speech development such as paralinguistic and linguistic stages of development</li> <li>Methods - play way method etc.</li> <li>Schooling system - kindergarten school, teaching aids, use of non-print</li> </ul>	Individual Presentation,

	<ul> <li>Schooling: peer influences, school culture, relationships with teacher teacher expectations and school achievement; being out of schooverage learner</li> <li>Education for Separation from parents, children in crèches; children orphanages</li> <li>Factors affecting educational development of early childhood: Role heredity, environment including physical and socio – cultural factor nutrition, child rearing practices and family</li> </ul>	of, in
UNIT – V	<ul> <li>Childhood in Modern Context of Socialization</li> <li>Family and adult-child relationships; parenting</li> <li>Childhood as a modern construct; childhood in the context of pover globalization and adult culture.</li> <li>Commonalities and diversities within the notion of childhood and he multiple childhoods are constructed with particular reference to t Indian context.</li> <li>Relationships with peers: friendships and gender; competition a cooperation, competition and conflict; aggression and bullying from eachildhood to adolescence</li> <li>Social, economic and cultural differences in socialization: implication for inclusion.</li> </ul>	OW he look of the

#### References:

- \* Cole, M., Cole, S. R. and Lightfoot, C. (2004). The Development of Children. New
- York: Worth Publishers. Chapter 1: The study of Human Development.
- Newman, B. M. and Newman, P.H. (2007). Theories of Human Development.
- London: Lawrence Erlbaum Associates, publishers. Chapter 1: Introduction.
- ❖ Papalia, D. E. and Olds, S. W. (2003). Human Development. New York: McGraw
- Hill Higher Education. Chapter 1: The Study of Human Development, Chapter 2:
- Theory and Research, Chapter 4: Physical Development During the First Three
- Years, Chapter 7: Physical Development in Early Childhood, Chapter 9: Physical
- Development in Middle Childhood.
- Saraswathi, T.S. (Ed.) (1999). Culture, Socialization and Human Development:
- \* Theory, Research and Applications in India. Sage publications. Chapter 4:
- Theoretical Frameworks in Cross-cultural Psychology, Chapter 6: Individualism in a
- Collective Culture: A Case of Co-existence of Opposites.
- Vasanta, D. (2004). Childhood, Work and Schooling: Some Reflections.
- Contemporary Education Dialogue, Vol. 2(1), 5-29.
- Mukunda, K. V. (2009). What Did You Ask in School Today? A Handbook on Child
- Learning. Noida: Harper Collins. Chapter 4: Child Development, 79-96.
- Naik, P. K., Advanced Educational Psychology

Job Opportunities	Employability Skill Developed	Local/National/UNDP Goal Achieved	
Teacher	Critical thinking and problem- solving, Parenting Collaboration across	Understanding about different aspects of a child's physical motor, social and emotional development.	

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# SEMESTER - IV



### KARGI ROAD, KOTA, BILASPUR (C.G.)

Semester- 4<sup>th</sup> Paper-XIII

Subject: Curriculum Development

Course Objectives:

To understand the concept and principles of curriculum development.

- To understand and appreciate curriculum as a means of development of the individual.
- To gain insight in to the development of new curriculum.
- To understand the Foundations of curriculum development.
- To appreciate the need for continuous Curriculum reconstruction.
- To help the student to develop skills in framing curriculum for subjects of teaching, analyzing Curriculum for teaching-learning process and developing course contents in the subject's of Teaching.

	Curriculum, Syllabi, Text books and Class room	ICT based class room teaching,				
UNIT - I	<ul> <li>Curriculum – Meaning, concept, type, principles</li> </ul>	Group Discussion, Individual				
	<ul> <li>Curriculum Development- Concept, Stages</li> </ul>	Presentations				
	Difference between Curriculum, Syllabus and Units.	rieschiations				
	Nature of Knowledge					
	Knowledge as construction of experience	ICT based class room teaching,				
UNIT – II	> Knowledge as Distinct from information	Individual Presentation				
ONII – II	Methodology of enquiry, scientific thinking, social scientific thinking, mathematical thinking.	individual Presentation				
	<ul> <li>Language, social relation, power, identity and thinking.</li> <li>Connection between knowledge, curriculum, textbooks.</li> </ul>					
	Connection between knowledge, curriculum, textbooks.  Moral Values					
	Nature of value and morality					
	Morality in a multi-cultural, multi religious and democratic society:	ICT based class room teaching,				
	different Cultures/religions have different value systems and	Individual Presentation				
UNIT – III	preferences.	individual Flesentation				
	Objectives of moral education:					
	Psychological theories of development of moral reasoning in children and					
	adolescents.(Kohlberg)					
	➤ How can morality be inculcated?					
	Curriculum and Productive Work					
	Understanding work as a productive activity which aims at producing tangible goods or services. Changing nature of work in recent times. Is 'work' incompatible with education?					
	> Gandhian notion of education through productive work and a review of					
	experience of its actual implementation. Can we substitute traditional	ICT based class room teaching,				
	crafts with modern industrial work? From Gandhian notion to 'Socially	Individual Presentation,				
UNIT- IV	useful productive work' (SUPW).  Vocational Education: education as preparation for a particular field of	Demonstration				
	employment Vs liberal education to prepare for adult life in general.	Demonstration				
	Possibility of combining work skills of several fields as a part of general					
	education.					
	The place of work in curriculum – its role in integrating knowledge, skill and values in real lifelike contexts. The implication of its absence from					
	curriculum.					
	Frameworks for reviewing curriculum documents					
	Visioning human beings and just society.					
UNIT – V	Visioning the role of students and teachers	ICT based class room teaching,				
	<ul> <li>Visioning the nature of knowledge and learning</li> </ul>	Group Presentation				
	Areas of study (subjects) and the objectives of learning them					
	Visioning the role of assessment and evaluation in education					

#### References:

- Christopher Winch, Philosophy and Education Policy, chapter 1&2.
- John Dewey, Democracy and Education
- National Curriculum Framework NCERT 2005, (Chapter 2)
- Position Paper, National Focus Group on Curriculum, Syllabus and Text books (NCERT, 2006)
- Position Paper, National Focus Group on Work and Education (NCERT, 2007)
- \* Kkuf'k{kkdzevkSjf'k{kk'kkL=] Mh ,M izFke ,oa f}rh; olZ&iBulkexzh ] ,l lhbZvkjVh] jk;iqj2012

Job Opportunities	Employability Skill Developed	Local/National/UNDP Goal Achieved
Teacher Education Consultant. Principal.	Critical thinking and problem- solving. Teaching Skills	Moral Development, Quality Education, Innovative Teaching Learning Method,



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Subject Code: EMED 404

Theory Max. Marks: 50

Theory Min. Marks: 17



KARGI ROAD, KOTA, BILASPUR (C.G.)

Semester- 4th Paper-XIV

Subject: ICT in Teacher Education

Subject Code: EMED 405 Theory Max. Marks: 50 Theory Min. Marks: 17

#### Course Objectives:

To enable students to-

- Understand the meaning, nature and scope of ICT in Education.
- Get acquainted with structure, Hardware and Software of computer.
- Understand the changes that occur due to ICT in Education.
- Prepare student to select the appropriate communication facilities through Internet.

		nd ICT support teaching learning strategies.	
		and Communication Technology In Education	
	> Con	cept, importance, meaning and nature of information and	
	com	munication Technology.	
	> Need	d of information and communication Technology in Education.	
		pe of ICT in Education.	
		(a) Teaching Learning process (b) Publication (c) Evaluation (d)	ICT based class room teaching,
JNIT – I		Research (e) Administration	Group Discussion, Individual
,,,,,	> Role	e of ICT in Teacher Education.	Presentations
		adigm shift in Education due to ICT content with special reference	Presentations
		urriculum ,Role of Teacher , Methods of Teaching ,Classroom	
	89	ironment ,Evaluation procedure ,Educational Management .	
		llenges in integrating Information and Communication Technology in	
		ool education	
	Intranet and		
		cept ,need and importance	
		ilities available for Communication-E-mail, chat, online conferencing,	ICT based class room teaching,
UNIT – II		dio- Video), e-Library, Websites, Blog, Wiki. Internet forum, News	Individual Presentation
	Gro	ups.	Individual 1 resentation
	> Sear	rch Engines –Concept and uses.	
	> Lega	al and Ethical issues –Copyright, Hacking Netiquettes.	
	> Stud	dent safety on the ( Net-safety)	
		to E-Learning	ICT based class room teaching,
		earning –Concept and Nature	Individual Presentation
UNIT – III		Based Learning	
	> Virt	ual Classroom	
	> Role	e of EDUSAT	
	ICT Integrat	ed Education	
	Onli	ine admission	
	▶ Digi	tal lesson designing	
	> Eva	luation rubrics	ICT based class room teaching,
	> E-	portfolios of learners	O.
UNIT- IV		e – Space – Personal management	Individual Presentation,
		rning resources management	Demonstration
		ce automation	
		guidance & counselling	
		modules	
	ICT New Tre	nds in ICT	
UNIT – V	CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR	ual classroom – concept, elements, advantages and limitations	
		art classroom – concept, elements, advantages and limitations	IOT hand along many together
		JSAT - concept, elements, advantages and limitations	ICT based class room teaching,
		ine learning resources : e – library, websites, apps and web	Group Presentation
	technol		
		ial networking as an effective communication tool	
	, 5000	and another than the control committee the control con	

#### References:

- Assessment and Evaluation- P.G.Pnog
- Instructional system Design Instructional Technology V.K.Rao \*
- \* Computer fundamental - Arora Bansal
- Information Technology -Kishore, Chavan \*
- ICT stragies for school-MohentyLaxman

Job Opportunities	Employability Skill Developed	Local/National/UNDP Goal Achieved
Teacher Private Tutor. Online Tutor. Education Consultant.	Critical thinking and problem- solving, Resource Management	Quality Education, Digitization, Innovative Teaching Method









Semester- 4th

Paper-XV (Specialization Paper) Subject: Measurement & Evaluation Subject Code: EMDS 410 Theory Max. Marks: 50 Theory Min. Marks: 17

#### Course Objectives:

- To acquaint the student teacher with the basic scientific concept and practices in educational and mental measurement.
- To enable the student to tabulate and find out some standard meaning from the raw scores by using statistical procedures.
- To develop skills and competencies in the student teacher for the use of the techniques in the field.
- To enable the student teachers to interpret the result of educational measurement.
- To enable the student understand about various educational and mental measurement tools.

UNIT – I	Measurement & Evaluation  ➤ Concept of measurement, need  ➤ Concept of Evaluation, Type, Functions  ➤ Relationship between measurement & Evaluation in Education.  ➤ Scales of Measurement, Nominal, ordinal, Internal & ratio.	ICT based class room teaching, Group Discussion, Individual Presentations
UNIT – II	Test Construction  General Principles of the construction & its Coordination.  Writing test items objective type, essay type qualities of a test, reliability, validity, Usability.	ICT based class room teaching, Individual Presentation
UNIT – III	Techniques of test conduction and Statistics  > Importance of establishment of report with the students, arranging seats, distribution of question, techniques.  > Techniques for avoiding guessing in answering cheating copying  Interpreting measurement: normal probability curve, skewness and kurtosis.  Percentiles and percentile ranks.  Standard scores.	ICT based class room teaching, Individual Presentation
UNIT- IV	Psychological Testing  Achievement test  Intelligence test  Assessment of personality Interview, rating scale, projective techniques  Attitude test.	ICT based class room teaching, Individual Presentation, Demonstration
UNIT - V	Educational Statistics  ➤ Measure of central tendency – mean, median, mode  ➤ Variability-Q.D, A.D, S.D.  ➤ Correlation Rank difference & Product moment	ICT based class room teaching, Group Presentation

#### References:

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- Naik P.K , Advance Educational Psychology, ShardaPustakBhawanAllhabad(U.P.)

Job Opportunities	Employability Skill Developed	Local/National/UNDP Goal Achieved
Teacher/Trainer	Communication Skill, Report Writing	Evolve realistic, comprehensive and dynamic assessment procedures.

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Semester- 4th

Paper- XV (Specialization Paper) Subject: Higher Education Subject Code: EMDS 411 Theory Max. Marks: 50 Theory Min. Marks: 17

#### Course Objectives:

- To Understand the Policies, Plans and Developments in the area of Higher education
- To Get Knowledge about the Communication Skills in Higher Education
- To Acquire Information about the Evaluation Processes in Higher Education
- To Enable the Students to get idea on the Teaching Learning Process in Higher Education
- To Develop Skills on Management of Higher Education

UNIT – I	Indian Higher Education  Higher Education in Ancient India Growth of higher Education in India after Independence Aims of Higher Education The Constitutional Provisions Regarding Indian Higher Education	ICT based class room teaching, Group Discussion, Individual Presentations
UNIT – II	Commissions and Committees  > UGC - Objectives, Importance and Role in Higher Education > National Policy on Education & higher Education - 1986 > National Revised Policy on Education & higher Education - 1992 > Roles of State & Central Governments in Higher Education > Role of HRD in Higher Education > NAAC & Quality Improvement in Higher Education	ICT based class room teaching, Individual Presentation
UNIT – III	Structure formation of Higher Education  > Structure of Higher Education  > Different Types of Colleges & Universities for Higher Education –  • State Universities  • Central Universities  • Autonomous Colleges  • Private Universities  • Deemed Universities	ICT based class room teaching, Individual Presentation
UNIT- IV	Problems of Higher Education in India  > Autonomy of Colleges & Universities  > Financial Problems for Higher Education – Economical Conditions of Students, Lack of Scholarship Programmes for all, Lack of Governmental Institutes, High Course Fees in Private Institutes  > Lack of Well – Trained and Well – Qualified Teachers in Higher Education  > Problems in Curriculum Development  Problems in Planning, Implementation and Execution	ICT based class room teaching, Individual Presentation, Demonstration
UNIT – V	Globalization and Higher Education in India  Impact of Globalization on Higher Education  Flow of Students towards Foreign Countries for Higher Education – Different Tests held for Higher Education  Brain Draining  Various Aspects of Higher Education –  Curriculum aspect,  Structural aspect,  Financial aspect,  Quality aspect,  Research aspect.	ICT based class room teaching, Group Presentation

#### References:

- . Choudhury R. R. C, Higher Education in India, Regal Publications.
- Viyyanna Rao K , Higher Education in India, SSDN
- Kamalanar G., Higher Education in India Emerging Challenges, CW Publications
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- . Uniyal G. K., Higher Education System, CW Publications
- \* Oza D, Higher Education, APH Publications

Job Opportunities	Employability Skill Developed	Local/National/UNDP Goal Achieved
Teacher/Tutor	Critical thinking and problem-solving, Skills on Management of Higher Education, Communication Skills	Understanding about the Policies, Plans and Developments in the area of Higher education
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